# PARABLES AND MIRACLES OF JESUS

ST. PAUL'S BIBLE COLLEGE – ONLINE LECTURE – LESSON 18

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### LESSON OUTLINE

- I. Basic Introduction to the Parables.
- II. Role of the Parables in the Mission of Jesus.
- III. Parables and the Kingdom of God.
- IV. Parables for Just Society.
- V. Interpreting the Parables Today.
- VI. Background to the Miracles.
- VII. Role of Miracles in the Life and Ministry of Jesus.
- VIII. Study of Some Miracles.
- IX. Interpreting the Miracles Today.

# I. BASIC INTRODUCTION TO THE PARABLES

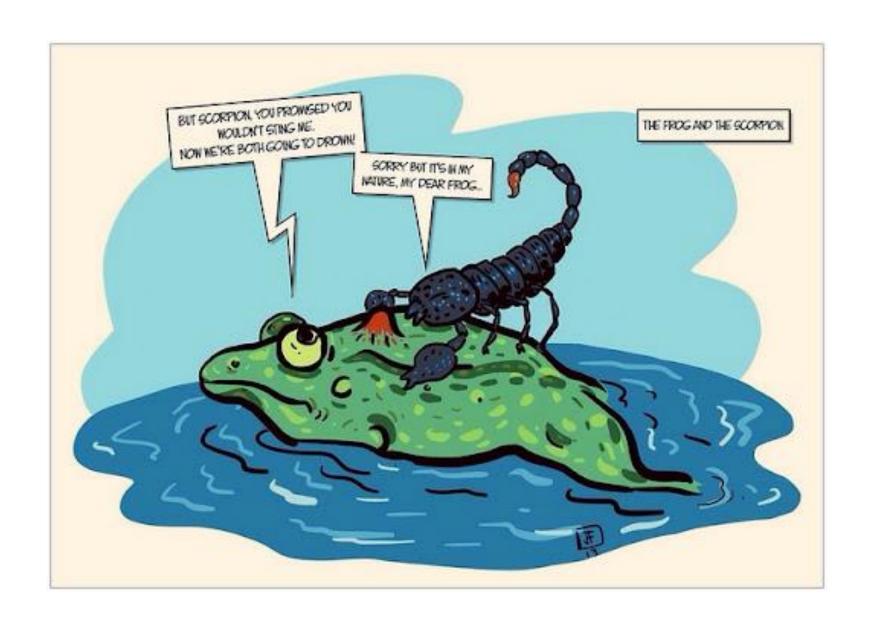
### I. INTRODUCTION

- Figure of speech in a language. E.g., Samson is a lion.
- Stories and fables (cf. Jataka tales, Aesop's fables)
- God as rock; under eagle's wings; rejected lover; seed; leaven; coin (word-pictures)
- Visual metaphors.
- Infographic.
- Semitic mind. Symbolic and picturesque.



















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"Word Picture"		Classical Hebrew	
Pictograph	Meaning	Hebrew	Meaning
72	Strong Leader	אל	Name for God; "Strength." Used 250 times in the Tanakh.
9 2	Strength (of the) house	コダ	Father

### 2.WHAT IS A PARABLE?

### TERMINOLOGY

- Greek, 'parabole' ('to throw near, along')
- Hebrew, 'mashal,' ('riddle, saying, story, taunt')
- Parables in the OT (eleven parables, 'the lamb', 2 Sam 12:1-14)
- Parables in the NT (55 parables, 7 Kingdom parables)

### 3. KINDS OF PARABLES

- (a) Introduced with 'as' or 'like'. Taken from daily realities. E.g., The kingdom of God is like a net ..
- (b) Narrative parable or parabolic story. Actions are involved. E.g., Parable of father and two sons.
- (c) Simple saying, but without 'as' or 'like.' E.g., A city that is built on a hill cannot be hid.

### 4. OTHER FIGURES OF SPEECH

- Metaphor. 'Enter through the narrow door.'
- Simile. 'I am sending you out like sheep among wolves.'
- Illustrative story. 'Go and do likewise.'
- Allegory. 'Rocky ground.' (Mk 4:10-20)

### 5. HOW MANY PARABLES?

- No precise number.
- Parables found in all the Synoptic Gospels. 3. E.g., the Sower.
- Common to Matthew and Luke. 9
- Found only in Mark. 2.
- Found only in Matthew. 9.
- Found only in Luke. 18.
- Found only in John. 5.
- 'Allegorical interpretation.' cf. Good Samaritan by Saint Augustine.

# II. ROLE OF THE PARABLES IN THE MISSION OF JESUS

### I. PARABLES CLARIFY THE TEACHING.

- Trust in the providence of God. Cf. Mt 6:26
- Moral instruction. Cf. Story by Nathan. 2 Sam 12:1-15.
- Parable of the wicked tenants. Cf. Mark 12:1-12.

### 2.TWO KINDS OF AUDIENCE

- The Twelve.
- The simple, common folk.

# 3. MISSION MANIFESTO OF JESUS

- Mark's version.
- Matthew's version.
- Luke's version.

# III. PARABLES AND THE KINGDOM OF GOD

### I.THE KINGDOM OF GOD HAS LIFE WITHIN

- Of the 45 parables, 15 begin with, 'The kingdom of heaven / God is like ...' Comparison.
- Parable of seeds; mustard seed (Mk 4:30-32)

### 2. QUALITIES TO INHERIT THE KINGDOM

- Compassion, forgiveness, goodness, generosity. Cf. Lk 15
- Samaritan as model. Cf. Lk 10.
- Unforgiving servant. Cf. Mt 18:23-25.
- Vineyard workers. Cf. Mt 20:1-16

### 3. DEMANDS TO INHERIT THE KINGDOM

- Parable of the treasure, the pearl. Cf. Mt 13:44-45.
- Tower builder and warrior king. Cf. Lk 14:28-32.
- Friend at midnight. Cf. Lk 11:5-8.
- Watchful servants. Cf. Lk 12:35-38.

### 4. CRISIS PARABLES

- Parable of the talents. Cf. Mt 25:14-30.
- Parable of the ten bridesmaids. Cf. Mt 25:1-13.

### 5.THE KINGDOM HERE AND AFTER

- The seed parables.
- The parable of the rich man and Lazarus.

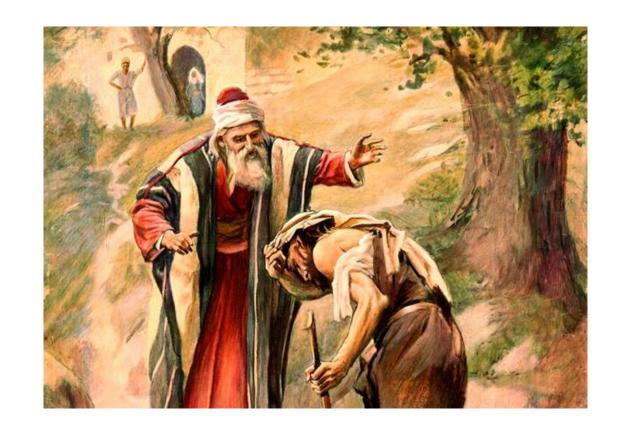
# IV. PARABLES FOR THE JUST SOCIETY

# I.THE NEED FOR A JUST SOCIETY

- Society in the time of Jesus.
- Egyptians, Assyrians, Babylonians, Persians, Greeks, and Romans. Ruling Palestine.
- Religious groups: Pharisees, Sadducees, Scribes, Priests.
- Taxation.
- Unstable economy.
- Purity vs. impurity separation.
- Subalterns: women, children, Gentiles.

### 2. LUKE 15

- Discrimination based on profession.
- Tax-collectors and sinners.
- Purity vs. impurity.



### 3. LUKE 10

- The wounded person.
- Priest, Levite, Samaritan.
- Literary context. Love of God, neighbour.
- Historical context. Jews vs. Samaritans.



# 4. VINEYARD WORKERS (MT 20:1-16)

- The last will be first; and the first will be last.
- Early Christian problem.
- Problem of leadership.



# V. INTERPRETATION OF THE PARABLES

### I. INTERPRETATION THEN

- Church Fathers. Irenaeus, Origen, Tertullian, Augustine. Allegorical interpretation.
- Bible interpreting the Bible.

### 2. INTERPRETATION NOW

- Historical-critical interpretation.
- Narrative analysis.
- Socio-psychological interpretation.
- Subaltern interpretation.

# VI. BACKGROUND TO THE MIRACLES

#### I. INTRODUCTION

- Taken literally!
- Yesterday's miracles are today's ordinary events. E.g., Persons flying.
- Two characteristics: (a) It should be an extraordinary event; (b) Natural science is unable to explain it.
- Magic or psychic?
- Cf. Creation event; Exodus event.

#### 2.TERMINOLOGY

- Old Testament: supernatural 'sign,' divine 'wonder.' 'Signs and wonders' that the Lord has done.
- New Testament: 'sign,' 'mighty work,' 'powerful deed.'
- Beyond cause and effect, or action and reaction.

#### 3. BIBLICAL COSMOLOGY

- Worldview of biblical times. Three layered world: heavens, earth, underworld.
- Genesis, and Job.

#### 4. RELIGIOUS BACKGROUND

- Hellenistic. Greek mythology. Nature miracles, healing miracles.
- Rabbinic. Pharisees also worked miracles.
- Old Testament. Messianic times and events.

#### 5. UNDERSTANDING OF MIRACLES IN CHURCH HISTORY

- Early Church and Middle Ages. Apologetic understanding.
- Positivism. Exaggeration? Natural interpretation. Cf. The parting of the Red Sea.
- Modern times. Demythologization?
- 'Miracles but happen to those who believe in them.'



#### I. HISTORICITY OF THE MIRACLES

- Varied details of the miracles in the Synoptic gospels.
- Tendency to multiply the original stock of miracle stories.
- Exaggerating the miraculous character of the story. 'at the point of death.'
- Create new miracles based on one. On the sea, by the sea.
- Popular miracle stories to Jesus. Cf. Elijah story of widow's son.

#### 2. THE MIRACLE CONTENT IN THE GOSPELS

- 30 miracles of Jesus.
- Healing miracles.
- Exorcisms.
- Resuscitations.
- Nature miracles.

#### 3. CHARACTERISTICS OF MIRACLE STORIES

- They were truly historical.
- They were reasonable.
- They were useful.
- They were worked openly.
- They were worked effortlessly.
- They were worked spontaneously / instantly.
- Worked under different circumstances.

# CHARACTERISTICS OF MIRACLE STORIES (CONTD.)

- Worked on the basis of faith.
- They were free / gratuitous.
- They were free from retaliation. Cf. cursing of the fig tree.
- They were eschatological.

#### 4. MIRACLES AS SIGNS OF THE KINGDOM

- Signs of the presence of the kingdom here and now.
- God working in human history.
- Gift of salvation at the present time.

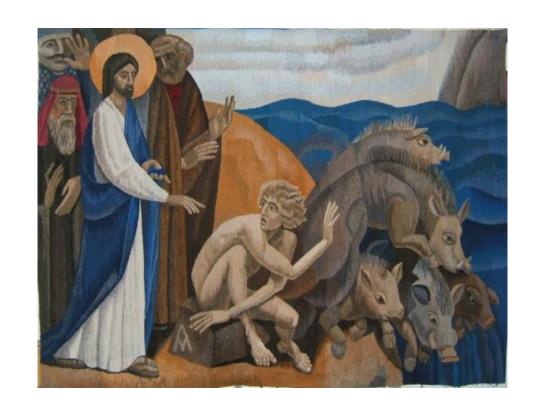
#### 5. MIRACLES AS ACTS OF LIBERATION

- Woman in the synagogue. 'Daughter of Abraham'
- Man in the synagogue.
- Lazarus dead.
- Liberation of the poor / of humanity.

# VIII. STUDY OF SOME SIGNIFICANT MIRACLES

# I. EXORCISM

- The Gerasene Demoniac. (Mk5:1-20)
- Demoniac in the synagogue.



### 2. RESUSCITATION

- 5 stories in the NT.
- Jairus' daughter,
- Nain widow's son,
- Lazarus,
- Tabita,
- Eutychus.
- 3 stories in the OT.
- God's keys: to motherhood, rain, life.



# 3. HEALING

Healing of the paralytic.



# 4. NATURE MIRACLES

- Jesus walking on the sea.
- Multiplication of loaves.



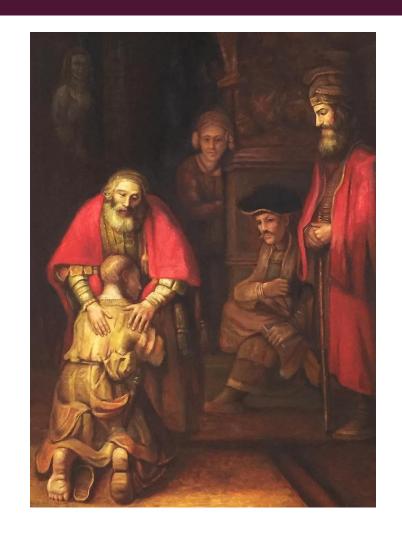
# IX. INTERPRETATION MIRACLES TODAY

#### SIGNIFICANCE FOR US

- Destruction of Satan's rule, or power of death.
- Liberation of the poor.
- Compassion.
- Faith & Revelation. 'Obedience of faith.'

# \* PARABLES AS MIRACLES

The return of the prodigal son.



# \* MIRACLES AS PARABLES

Restoration of sight to Bartimaeus



# **ASSESSMENT**

- I. How many parables are there in the OT? A. 12; B. 13; C. 11.
- 2. Which is the parable about the Pharisees, delivered directly to them? A. The parable of the wicked tenants; B. The parable of the prodigal son; C. The parable about the seeds.
- 3. The parables in Luke 15 speak about: A. Forgiveness, mercy, goodness and generosity of God. B. Word of God. C. Nature of the kingdom.
- 4. The parable of the persistent friend (Luke 11:5-8) insists on: A. Friendship. B. Love of neighbour. C. Constant and strong faith would enable God to concede the request of the faithful.
- 5. The parable of the ten maidens in Matt 25:1-13 insists on: A. Faithfulness provides more blessing. B. Preparedness versus unpreparedness. C. Willingness to leave everything for the kingdom.

- 6. The Church Fathers interpreted the parable as: A. Simile. B. Allegory. C. Metaphor.
- 7. Name the prophets working miracles in the OT. A. Isaiah and Jeremiah. B. Micah and Amos. C. Elijah and Elisha.
- 8. Miracles in the Gospel are: A. Signs of the Kingdom. B. Meritorious deeds of Jesus. C. Worked to boast himself.
- 9. Which evangelist adds elements to invoke sympathy in miracle stories? A. Luke. B. Matthew C. John.
- 10. How do we call the incident of widow's son at Nain (Luke 7:11-17)? A. Resurrection. B. Rebirth. C. Resuscitation.

# Paragraph Questions

- I. Which are your favourite parables?
- 2. Write the Essential Qualities to Inherit the Kingdom.
- 3. How do the parables explain the Kingdom 'Here' and the Kingdom 'Hereafter'?
- 4. What are the characteristics of the miracles of Jesus?
- 5. How do the miracles present the acts of liberation?
- 6. Explain the miracles of resuscitation in the NT.

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